



Covered Area Rainfall Event (26 February 2016)

Excess Rainfall

Event Briefing

15 March 2016

1 INTRODUCTION

The Caribbean Rainfall Model (operated by Kinetic Analysis Corporation (KAC)) indicated that a Covered Area Rainfall Event (CARE) was generated in Haiti on 26 February 2016.

Efforts have been made to acquire information regarding possible damages and actual rainfall measurements on the ground in Haiti, but since this event was not associated with a significant weather system, data were not available from the usual CCRIF associates: Caribbean Institute of Meteorology and Hydrology (CIMH), Caribbean Disaster Emergency Management Agency (CDEMA) and Haiti's Meteorology Center (Centre National de Météorologie, CNM).

2 IMPACTS

According to CNM, there were no reports of damage in Haiti for this CARE.

3 RAINFALL MODEL OUTPUTS

The Caribbean Rainfall Model uses a 3-day running aggregate of rainfall measurements for Haiti, meaning that the rainfall attributed to a particular day is the total sum of the rainfall on that day itself and the two following days.

For the 26 February CARE, the Caribbean Rainfall Model reported a Maximum Aggregate Rainfall of 324 mm in Rampe Des Lions, located in southwest Haiti (Figure 1). The maximum number of ongoing WRFXSRR Grid Cell Events for this event was 5,043.

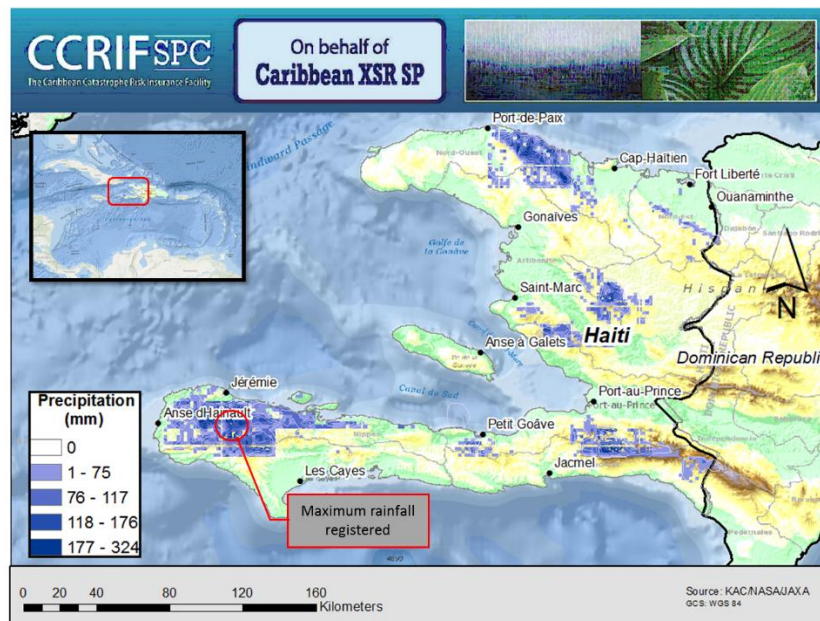


Figure 1 Map showing accumulated rainfall in Haiti, 26 February 2016

4 TRIGGER POTENTIAL

The number of ongoing Grid Cell Events in Haiti exceeded the required threshold (4,964) to trigger the CARE on 26 February, and fell below the threshold on 27 February.

A CARE is not considered complete until the Aggregate Rainfall in each WRFXSR Grid Cell (that had an ongoing WRFXSR Grid Cell Event that contributed to the CARE) has fallen below 50 mm for at least 2 days. The CARE was considered complete on 10 March 2016 (Figure 2).

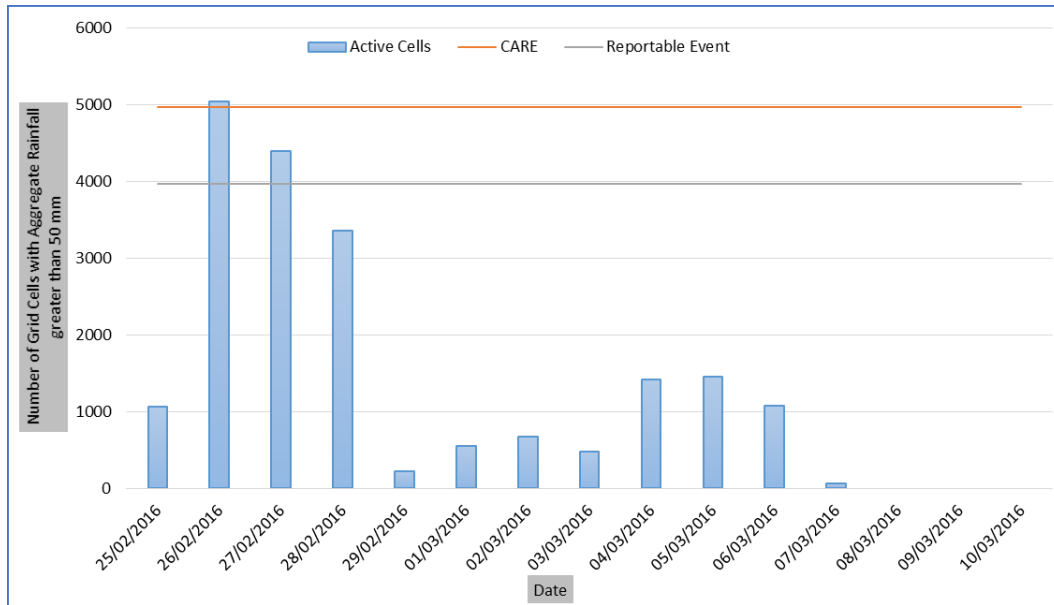


Figure 2 Active cells during a 2 week period.

The Rainfall Index Loss calculated for this CARE was below the attachment point of Haiti’s Excess Rainfall policy and therefore no payout is due.

For further information, please contact ERN-RED, the CCRIF SPC Risk Management Specialist.

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DEFINITIONS

<i>Active Percentage</i>	The percentage of the total number of WRFXSR ¹ Grid Cells, within the Covered Area of the Insured, in which a WRFXSR Grid Cell Event must be occurring to trigger a Covered Area Rainfall Event. The Active Percentage is defined in the Schedule.
<i>Aggregate Rainfall</i>	The value of Aggregate Rainfall, as measured in millimeters (mm), using the WRFXSR Precipitation Data over the Covered Area and evaluated by the Calculation Agent as part of the Rainfall Index Loss Calculation Methodology. For a given day: (a) 2-day aggregate - the total sum of rainfall on the day itself, and the day after; or (b) 3-day aggregate - the total sum of rainfall on the day itself, and the two following days.
<i>Caribbean Rainfall Model</i>	The computer model used to calculate the WRFXSR Grid Cell Event Loss and the Rainfall Index Loss.
<i>Covered Area Rainfall Event</i>	Any continuous period of days during which the number of WRFXSR Grid Cell Events is greater than or equal to the product of (a) Active Percentage multiplied by (b) the total number of WRFXSR Grid Cells within the Covered Area.
<i>Covered Area</i>	The territory of the Insured as represented in the Caribbean Rainfall Model.
<i>WRFXSR Grid Cell (grid cell)</i>	The 30 arc-second by 30 arc-second grid of cells each of which is attributed with an exposure value and, for those with exposure value greater than zero, to which an Aggregate Rainfall Amount is attributed each day.
<i>WRFXSR Grid Cell Event (cell event)</i>	Any continuous period of days during which the Aggregate Rainfall value equals or exceeds the Rainfall Event Threshold in a WRFXSR Grid Cell. For Covered Areas that have 3-day aggregation periods, a WRFXSR Grid Cell Event is only considered to be over once there have been

¹ Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) Excess Rainfall (XSR)

two or more consecutive days where the Aggregate Rainfall does not exceed the Rainfall Event Threshold.

Maximum Aggregate Rainfall

The highest Aggregate Rainfall amount during a WRFXSR Grid Cell Event for each WRFXSR Grid Cell in which there is a WRFXSR Grid Cell Event.

Rainfall Event Threshold

Aggregate Rainfall level which, when exceeded, starts a WRFXSR Grid Cell Event.

Rainfall Index Loss

For any Covered Area Rainfall Event affecting the Insured, the US Dollar loss calculated by the Calculation Agent using the Caribbean Rainfall Model.